



SCAN *South Carolina Association of Naturalists*

Post Office Box 5651, Columbia, South Carolina 29250-5651

May 2006 Newsletter

Greetings SCAN,

First I would like to express much gratitude for SCDNR and others for acquiring this wonderful property. I was impressed on how large and remote this 10000 acre site felt, (a mixed ecology of bottomland hardwood/pine savanna, lakes, dove fields and marshes), while traversing it to the two places we explored. There are more intriguing areas waiting for us to come back and discover. I think this is a real "jewel" in the natural assets of the state and highly recommend you visit it.

When we arrived we had to wait for a turkey hunting event to end at 11:00 and were greeted at the gate by a some DNR game wardens who graciously helped us in interpreting the best way to access the site with some photocopy maps that were in the kiosk at the gate.

The threat of thunderstorms were on the weather forecast, which never really came until gratefully after we had finished an excellent dinner at Gilligan's Island seafood restaurant along the canal in Moncks Corner. But that heavy rain was very welcome because of the drought conditions that have been with us this year. Conditions were not too hot or muggy during our visit.

The first area our group of 18 stopped at is the Quarterman Reserve, a large impounded lake for waterfowl in what is labeled "Side B" on the east side of the property. There were abundant insects including dragonflies, damselflies (and pesky deerflies) and numerous birds along with many Palamedes Swallowtail butterflies here among *Iris veriscolor* along the banks and other abundant plant life. One great sighting was of a bald eagle who had been on a stump in the middle of the lake and subsequently flew up into a large pine across the lake and remained perching there for the length of our walk along the road along edge of the lake.

After spending about 3 hours here we drove to the other side of the property into the "A" side to view some historic remains. Still visible are the remains of the Coming Tree plantation built in the early 1700's still with some of it's walls and parts of it huge dual fireplaces remaining but overgrown with vegetation surrounding it and even some red cedar as opportunists growing on the tops of the brick walls that had stucco facades which may have been added later. The buildings are chained off to protect visitors' safety and the integrity of the remains.

Down the road we walked to the rice mill structure that sits facing the meandering East Branch of the Cooper River with attractive marsh land on the other side, here was a quintessential late afternoon, sunlit view of the peaceful beauty of a classic SC lowcountry landscape. We saw some cormorants perched on some posts far out the bend of the river, a hummingbird flitting about, a red-bellied woodpecker nearby and a Green Tree frog which Jerry Bright and other photographed in our hands and grasping to some of our shirts for a "portrait"

On our way out our caravan stopped along a bridge over the small Nimitz Lake and we spotted a Wood Stork wading on the far bank. We finally made it back to the entrance gate after 5 PM headed for dinner. I know I want to return again to this special property to savor more of its obvious beauty. Our species list attached shows the diversity here that is being preserved.

Our next trip is to the upstate in Oconee County near Westminster to a place that hold specimens of what is a remaining prairie type ecology. I hope you will join us as Sam and Eva Pratt guide us to this special site. Please see the attached synopsis and directions to where we will meet on May 27th.

Lynn Smith has some notes included here on the excellent Ivory billed Woodpecker talk that was co-sponsored by SCAN on April 8 in Columbia.

Jules Fraytet/ SCAN President

Hi all:

It is a shame everyone couldn't make it to Bobby Harrison's presentation in Columbia. There was good food, interesting people, and an excellent set of speakers. The evening led off with a discussion by Alex Sanders, retired president of the College of Charleston, on the efforts to stop the timbering in the crucial areas along our rivers by highlighting potential ivory-billed habitat, that led to the establishment of what is now Congaree National Park. John Cely (a SCAN member) followed with a history of the establishment of the national monument. It was a convoluted process but John explained it very clearly.

Then the special guest, Bobby Harrison, who was one of the two who simultaneously sighted the woodpecker, described his childhood desired to see an ivory-billed woodpecker followed by how he and Tim Gallagher ended up on the search in Arkansas. Then there were the logistics and physical problems of the searches. When one saw his slow motion sections of video of 'flybys' one could not help but be impressed.

Lynn Smith, Vice-president

Chau Ram County Park, Oconee County
1220 Chau Ram Park Road, Westminster, SC 29693
10:30, May 27, 2006

Eva and Sam Pratt, Western Regional Directors
Cell phone: 864-590-2075

We need to be ready to car pool from Chau Ram promptly at 10:30, as there is parking for only about five vehicles at the site which has been called, to his chagrin, "Sharpton's Prairie." It is less than ten miles from Chau Ram, and we will return to Chau Ram for lunch and the afternoon.

Bill Sharpton, a member of both SCAN and SC Native Plant Society and a superb photographer, began photographing the smooth cone flowers that he found growing beside Highway 76 in the Northwest corner of the state several years ago. As he made repeated visits to the area, he found more and more prairie specimens there and got SCNPS, the Forest Service, and the Blue Ridge Cooperative involved, so that the area is no longer sprayed, there are periodic roadside clean-ups, and the Forest Service does controlled burns on the area behind the prairie. The smooth cone flowers have proliferated, and on a bitter cold day in March we found seed heads and early seedlings of rattlesnake master, (and promises of rattlesnakes for summer!), brilliant scarlet rose hips, with phlox, green-and-gold, and sassafras already blooming.

The curve where we will need to park and cross the highway is a dangerous one, so beware.

We would advise long pants, with the usual reminders: insecticide, water, and lunch.

Directions to Chau Ram:

We need to park in the upper over-flow parking lot, near the restrooms, as this will be Memorial Day weekend.

From I-26 and Highway 11, travel approximately 80 miles west (through Campobello, Gowensville, Table Rock, and Walhalla, to Westminster). Along the way, you'll pass Aunt Sue's (breakfast?) and a very few gas stations (one is Holly Hill, where you may get a biscuit or a little something to take with you for your lunch). Turn north onto 123/76 towards Westminster; go through town. Where 123/76 separates, follow #76 for about four miles to Chau Ram County Park. We will park our cars there and car pool to the prairie site.

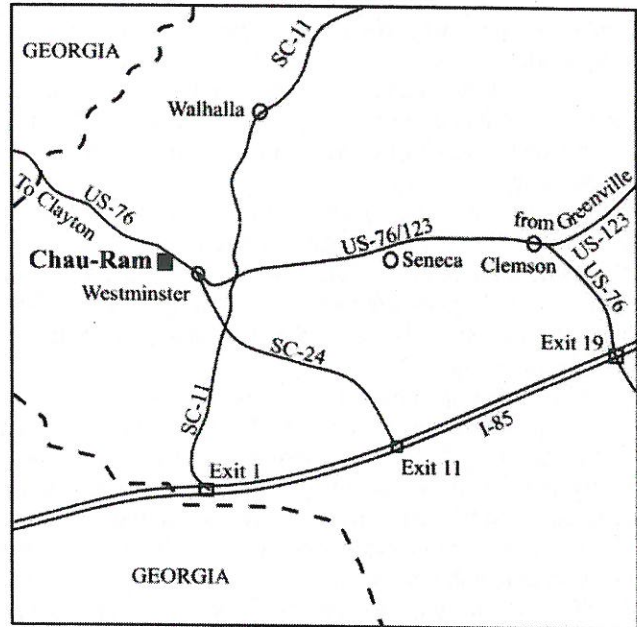
For those who may arrive late or need directions as we car pool: Turn left out of entrance to Chau Ram. Continue for less than ten miles to a place where Bill Sharpton will indicate we may park, on left, and walk across street to observe prairie remnant.

There are other beautiful sites not far from here, but for the sake of keeping our group together, we will return to Chau Ram, which is at the convergence of the Chauga River and Ramsey Creek, for lunch and the afternoon.

There is camping at Chau Ram, but it is first-come, first-served. We have found it difficult to reach someone there, but if you leave a message, Kenny Duncan is good to return your calls. Chau Ram: 864-647-9286.

Moore and Moore's Fish Camp is near the entrance to Chau Ram; it is open on Saturdays from 4:30 until 9:00 (telephone 864-647-6100).

The park is open from 7:00 until dark.



The SC Native Plant Society is hosting an event in the Spartanburg area. **Pre-registration is required by May 25.** For more information or to register, visit www.scnps.org/activities_ups.html or call 864-472-6732. SCNPS Members free; General public \$10.

Appalachian Medicinal Plants

Dr. James A. Duke
Thursday, June 1 at 12:00 noon (Includes luncheon)
Converse College's Montgomery Student Union
580 East Main Street, Spartanburg, SC
(Converse College sits at the intersection of I-585 – North Pine St. –
and US Hwy 29 – East Main St.)

Come hear Dr Duke, one of the world's leading authorities on herbal healing traditions, as he shed light on the botanical pharmacy of the Appalachians, focusing on plants with strong folk reputations and/or proven medicinal applications.

Bonneau Ferry – Berkeley Co., SC – April 22, 2006

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American Sycamore <i>Platanus occidentalis</i>	American Holly <i>Ilex opaca</i>	Marsh Lilaeopsis * <i>Lilaeopsis chinensis</i>	Woolly Mullein <i>Verbascum thapsus</i>
Indian Strawberry <i>Duchesnea indica</i>	Yaupon <i>Ilex vomitoria</i>	Mock Bishop's-weed <i>Ptilimnium capillaceum</i>	Toadflax <i>Linaria canadensis</i>
Five-fingers <i>Potentilla canadensis</i>	Winged Sumac <i>Rhus copallinum</i>	Blackgum <i>Nyssa sylvatica</i>	Cross Vine <i>Anisostichus capreolata</i>
Swamp Rose <i>Rosa palustris</i>	Poison Oak <i>Toxicodendron pubescens</i>	Swamp Tupelo; Swamp Blackgum <i>Nyssa sylvatica biflora</i>	Trumpet Vine; Cow-itch Vine <i>Campsis radicans</i>
Black Cherry; Wild Cherry <i>Prunus serotina</i>	Eastern Poison Ivy <i>Toxicodendron radicans radicans</i>	Flowering Dogwood <i>Cornus florida</i>	Broadleaf Plantain <i>Plantago rugelii</i>
Carolina Cherrylaurel <i>Prunus caroliniana</i>	Red Maple <i>Acer rubrum</i>	Sweet Pepperbush <i>Clethra alnifolia</i>	Button-bush <i>Cephalanthus occidentalis</i>
Honey Locust <i>Gleditsia triacanthos</i>	Spotted Touch-me-not <i>Impatiens capensis</i>	Low-bush Blueberry <i>Vaccinium tenellum</i>	Partridge-berry <i>Mitchella repens</i>
White Wild Indigo <i>Baptisia alba</i>	Supple-jack; Rattan-vine <i>Berchemia scandens</i>	Water Pimpernel <i>Samolus parviflorus</i>	Small Bluets <i>Houstonia pusilla</i>
White Clover; Ladino Clover <i>Trifolium repens</i>	Virginia-creeper <i>Parthenocissus quinquefolia</i>	Horse-sugar; Sweetleaf <i>Symplocos tinctoria</i>	Japanese Honeysuckle <i>Lonicera japonica</i>
Black Medic <i>Medicago lupulina</i>	Muscadine; Bullace <i>Vitis rotundifolia</i>	Chinese Privet; Ligustrum <i>Ligustrum sinense</i>	Coral Honeysuckle; Woodbine <i>Lonicera sempervirens</i>
Indigo-bush; False Indigo <i>Amorpha fruticosa</i>	Pepper-vine <i>Ampelopsis arborea</i>	Yellow Jessamine <i>Gelsemium sempervirens</i>	Possumhaw Viburnum <i>Viburnum nudum</i>
Chinese Wisteria <i>Wisteria sinensis</i>	Modiola <i>Modiola caroliniana</i>	Floating-heart <i>Nymphoides aquatica</i>	Arrowwood <i>Viburnum dentatum</i>
Vetch * <i>Vicia sativa</i>	St.-Andrew's-cross <i>Hypericum hypericoides</i>	Angle-pod (milkweed) <i>Matelea sp.</i>	American Elderberry <i>Sambucus canadensis</i>
Hog-peanut <i>Amphicarpaea bracteata</i>	Violet * <i>Viola brittoniana brittoniana</i>	Ground-ivy; Ponyfoot <i>Dichondra carolinensis</i>	Corn-salad <i>Valerianella radiata</i>
Violet Wood-sorrel <i>Oxalis violacea</i>	English Ivy <i>Hedera helix</i>	Heliotrope <i>Heliotropium amplexicaule</i>	Venus'-looking-glass <i>Specularia perfoliata</i>
Wood-sorrel <i>Oxalis dillenii</i>	Devil's-walking-stick <i>Aralia spinosa</i>	Forget-me-not <i>Myosotis verna</i>	Small Venus'-looking-glass <i>Specularia biflora</i>
Cranesbill; Wild Geranium <i>Geranium carolinianum</i>	Intelligence-plant <i>Centella asiatica</i>	South American Vervain <i>Verbena bonariensis</i>	Wahlenbergia <i>Wahlenbergia marginata</i>
Chinaberry <i>Melia azedarach</i>	Wild Chervil <i>Chaerophyllum tainturieri</i>	Beautyberry; French-mulberry <i>Callicarpa americana</i>	Coastal Plain Lettuce * <i>Lactuca graminifolia graminifolia</i>
Chinese Tallow-tree <i>Sapium sebiferum</i>	Water Parsnip <i>Sium suave</i>	Lyre-leaved Sage <i>Salvia lyrata</i>	Dwarf Dandelion <i>Krigia virginica</i>

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FLORA			
	Curled Pondweed * <i>Potamogeton crispus</i>	Bamboo Smilax <i>Smilax laurifolia</i>	Sugarberry; Hackberry <i>Celtis laevigata</i>
Floating Liverwort <i>Ricciocarpus natans</i>	Longleaf Pondweed * <i>Potamogeton nodosus</i>	False Garlic <i>Allium bivalve</i>	Red Mulberry <i>Morus rubra</i>
Cinnamon Fern <i>Osmunda cinnamomea</i>	Dwarf Palmetto <i>Sabal minor</i>	Blue-eyed-grass <i>Sisyrinchium angustifolium</i>	Sheep-sorrel, Sour-grass <i>Rumex hastatulus</i>
Royal Fern <i>Osmunda regalis spectabilis</i>	Cabbage Palmetto <i>Sabal palmetto</i>	Blue-eyed-grass <i>Sisyrinchium rosulatum</i>	Curly Dock; Sour-grass <i>Rumex crispus</i>
Japanese Climbing Fern <i>Lygodium japonicum</i>	Green Arrow-arum <i>Peltandra virginica</i>	Southern Blue Flag <i>Iris virginica</i>	Climbing Buckwheat; Bindweed <i>Polygonum convolvulus</i>
Bracken <i>Pteridium aquilinum</i>	Common Rush <i>Juncus effusus solutus</i>	Lizard's-tail <i>Saururus cernuus</i>	Alligator-weed <i>Alternanthera philoxeroides</i>
Kunth's Maiden Fern <i>Thelypteris kunthii</i>	Common Cat-tail <i>Typha latifolia</i>	Black Willow <i>Salix nigra</i>	Spatterdock; Yellow Pond-lily <i>Nuphar luteum</i>
Netted Chain Fern <i>Woodwardia areolata</i>	Giant Cane <i>Arundinaria gigantea</i>	Common Wax-myrtle <i>Morella cerifera</i>	Water-lily; Alligator-bonnet <i>Nymphaea odorata</i>
Virginia Chain Fern <i>Woodwardia virginica</i>	Quaking Grass <i>Briza minor</i>	Black Walnut <i>Juglans nigra</i>	Lotus; Pond-nuts <i>Nelumbo lutea</i>
Ebony Spleenwort <i>Asplenium platyneuron</i>	Rye Grass <i>Lolium multiflorum</i>	Tag Alder <i>Alnus serrulata</i>	Fanwort <i>Cabomba caroliniana</i>
Sensitive Fern; Bead Fern <i>Onoclea sensibilis sensibilis</i>	Smut Grass <i>Sporobolus poiretii</i>	Post Oak <i>Quercus stellata</i>	Water-shield <i>Brasenia schreberi</i>
Resurrection Fern <i>Pleopeltis polypodioides michauxiana</i>	Hydrochloa <i>Hydrochloa caroliniensis</i>	Scrubby Post Oak <i>Quercus margarettiae</i>	Tulip-poplar; Yellow-poplar <i>Liriodendron tulipifera</i>
Longleaf Pine <i>Pinus palustris</i>	Gamma Grass <i>Tripsacum dactyloides</i>	Live Oak <i>Quercus virginiana</i>	Sweetbay <i>Magnolia virginiana</i>
Pond Pine <i>Pinus serotina</i>	Spanish-moss <i>Tillandsia usneoides</i>	Black Oak <i>Quercus velutina</i>	Southern Magnolia; Bull Bay <i>Magnolia grandiflora</i>
Loblolly Pine <i>Pinus taeda</i>	Water-hyacinth <i>Eichhornia crassipes</i>	Black Jack Oak <i>Quercus marilandica</i>	Swamp Bay <i>Persea palustris</i>
Southern Red Cedar <i>Juniperus virginiana silicicola</i>	Pickernelweed <i>Pontederia cordata</i>	Water Oak <i>Quercus nigra</i>	Poor-man's-pepper <i>Lepidium virginicum</i>
Bald-cypress <i>Taxodium distichum</i>	Greenbrier; Bullbrier <i>Smilax rotundifolia</i>	Willow Oak <i>Quercus phellos</i>	Sundew <i>Drosera brevifolia</i>
Arrowhead <i>Sagittaria subulata</i>	Fringed Greenbrier; Bullbrier <i>Smilax bona-nox</i>	Laurel Oak <i>Quercus laurifolia</i>	Virginia-willow <i>Itea virginica</i>
American Frog's-bit <i>Limnobia spongia</i>	Red-berried Greenbrier <i>Smilax walteri</i>	Cherrybark Oak <i>Quercus pagoda</i>	Sweet-gum <i>Liquidambar styraciflua</i>

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Southern Toad (call) <i>Bufo terrestris</i>	Wood Stork <i>Mycteria americana</i>	Eastern Kingbird <i>Tyrannus tyrannus</i>	Yellow Warbler <i>Dendroica petechia</i>
Southern Cricket Frog <i>Acris gryllus</i>	Wood Duck <i>Aix sponsa</i>	Great Crested Flycatcher <i>Myiarchus crinitus</i>	Common Yellowthroat <i>Geothlypis trichas</i>
Green Treefrog (call) <i>Hyla cinerea</i>	Common Moorhen <i>Gallinula chloropus</i>	Acadian Flycatcher <i>Empidonax virescens</i>	Northern Cardinal <i>Cardinalis cardinalis</i>
Brimley's Chorus Frog <i>Pseudacris brimleyi</i>	Spotted Sandpiper <i>Actitis macularia</i>	Purple Martin <i>Progne subis</i>	Blue Grosbeak <i>Guiraca caerulea</i>
Southern Chorus Frog <i>Pseudacris nigrita</i>	Laughing Gull <i>Larus atricilla</i>	Barn Swallow <i>Hirundo rustica</i>	Eastern Towhee <i>Pipilo erythrophthalmus</i>
Green Frog (call) <i>Rana clamitans</i>	Turkey Vulture <i>Cathartes aura</i>	American Crow; Common Crow <i>Corvus brachyrhynchos</i>	Chipping Sparrow <i>Spizella passerina</i>
Pig Frog (call) <i>Rana grylio</i>	Black Vulture <i>Coragyps atratus</i>	Fish Crow <i>Corvus ossifragus</i>	Red-winged Blackbird <i>Agelaius phoeniceus</i>
Pickerel Frog <i>Rana palustris</i>	Bald Eagle <i>Haliaeetus leucocephalus</i>	Tufted Titmouse <i>Parus bicolor</i>	Orchard Oriole <i>Icterus spurius</i>
Eastern Mud Turtle; stinkpot <i>Kinosternon subrubrum</i>	Red-shouldered Hawk <i>Buteo lineatus</i>	Carolina Chickadee <i>Parus carolinensis</i>	White-tailed Deer (bones) <i>Odocoileus virginianus</i>
Carolina Anole; Green Anole <i>Anolis carolinensis</i>	Red-tailed Hawk <i>Buteo jamaicensis</i>	Carolina Wren <i>Thryothorus ludovicianus</i>	
Broadhead Skink <i>Eumeces laticeps</i>	Osprey <i>Pandion haliaetus</i>	Blue-gray Gnatcatcher <i>Polioptila caerulea</i>	
Ground Skink <i>Scincella lateralis</i>	Wild Turkey <i>Meleagris gallopavo</i>	Eastern Bluebird <i>Sialia sialis</i>	
Black Racer; Eastern Racer <i>Coluber constrictor</i>	Mourning Dove <i>Zenaida macroura</i>	White-eyed Vireo <i>Vireo griseus</i>	
Banded Water Snake <i>Nerodia fasciata</i>	Yellow-billed Cuckoo <i>Coccyzus americanus</i>	Red-Eyed Vireo <i>Vireo olivaceus</i>	
Anhinga; Snakebird <i>Anhinga anhinga</i>	Barred Owl <i>Strix varia</i>	Prothonotary Warbler <i>Protonotaria citrea</i>	
Double-crested Cormorant <i>Phalacrocorax auritus</i>	Ruby-throated Hummingbird <i>Archilochus colubris</i>	Northern Parula <i>Parula americana</i>	
Little Blue Heron <i>Egretta caerulea</i>	Belted Kingfisher <i>Ceryle alcyon</i>	Yellow-rumped Warbler <i>Dendroica coronata</i>	
Cattle Egret <i>Bubulcus ibis</i>	Red-bellied Woodpecker <i>Melanerpes carolinus</i>	Yellow-throated Warbler <i>Dendroica dominica</i>	
Great Blue Heron <i>Ardea herodias</i>	Hairy Woodpecker <i>Picoides villosus</i>	Prairie Warbler <i>Dendroica discolor</i>	

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Dwarf Dandelion <i>Krigia oppositifolia</i>	Negro Bug <i>Cormelaena sp.</i>	Fragile Forktail (damselfly) <i>Ischnura posita</i>	Warty Leaf Beetle * <i>Neochlamisus moestificus</i>
Sun-bonnets <i>Chaptalia tomentosa</i>	Rice Stink Bug <i>Oebalus pugnax</i>	Citrine Forktail (damselfly) <i>Ischnura hastata</i>	Warty Leaf Beetle * <i>Exema elliptica</i>
Thistle <i>Carduus spinosissimus</i>	Red Imported Fire Ant <i>Solenopsis invicta</i>	Green Tiger Beetle <i>Cicindela sexguttata</i>	Underwater Weevil * <i>Listroderes difficilis</i>
Elephant's-foot <i>Elephantopus carolinianus</i>	Potter Wasp <i>Eumenes fraternus</i>	Pedunculate Ground Beetle * <i>Pasimachus subsulcatus</i>	Eastern Tiger Swallowtail <i>Papilio glaucus</i>
Dog-fennel <i>Eupatorium capillifolium</i>	Black & Yellow Mud-dauber <i>Sceliphron caementarium</i>	Pedunculate Ground Beetle <i>Semiardistomis viridis</i>	Palamedes Swallowtail <i>Papilio palamedes</i>
Rabbit-tobacco; Everlasting <i>Gnaphalium obtusifolium</i>	Pipe-organ Wasp <i>Trypoxylon politum</i>	Woodland Ground Beetle <i>Pterostichus sculptus</i>	Cloudless Sulphur <i>Phoebis sennae eubule</i>
Sea-myrtle; Groundsel-tree <i>Baccharis halimifolia</i>	Blue Orchard Bee * <i>Osmia chalybea</i>	Whirligig Beetle <i>Dineutus emarginatus</i>	Eastern Tailed-blue(butterfly) <i>Everes comyntas</i>
Fleabane <i>Erigeron quercifolius</i>	Carpenter Bee <i>Xylocopa sp.</i>	Whirligig Beetle * <i>Gyrinus gibber</i>	Pearl Crescent (butterfly) <i>Phyciodes tharos</i>
Horsesugar Gall Fungus <i>Exobasidium symploci</i>	Deer Fly <i>Chrysops sp.</i>	Burrowing Water Beetle <i>Suphisellus gibbulus</i>	American Lady (butterfly) <i>Vanessa virginiensis</i>
FAUNA	Common Green Darner <i>Anax junius</i>	Burrowing Water Beetle * <i>Hydrocanthus atripennis</i>	Red Admiral <i>Vanessa atalanta</i>
Wolf Spider * <i>Hogna helluo</i>	Ashy Clubtail (dragonfly) <i>Gomphus lividus</i>	Predacious Diving Beetle <i>Neoporus cimicoides</i>	Common Buckeye <i>Junonia coenia</i>
Pygmy Grasshopper * <i>Neotettix femoratus</i>	Eastern Pondhawk <i>Erythemis simplicicollis</i>	Predacious Diving Beetle <i>Coptotomus venustus</i>	Carolina Satyr (butterfly) <i>Hermeuptychia sosybius</i>
Black-sided Pygmy Grasshopper <i>Tettigidea lateralis</i>	Blue Corporal (dragonfly) <i>Ladona deplanata</i>	Water Scavenger Beetle <i>Tropisternus natator</i>	Viola's Wood-Satyr * <i>Megisto viola</i>
Southeast Lubber Grasshopper <i>Romalea microptera</i>	Blue Dasher <i>Pachydiplax longipennis</i>	Buprestid Beetle * <i>Acmaeodera ornata</i>	Silver-spotted Skipper <i>Epargyreus clarus</i>
Short-winged Green Grasshopper <i>Dichromorpha viridis</i>	Violet-masked Glider <i>Tramea carolina</i>	Metallic Wood-boring Beetle <i>Taphrocerus sp.</i>	Least Skipper <i>Ancyloxypha numitor</i>
Slant-faced Grasshopper <i>Syrbula admirabilis</i>	Swamp Spreadwing (damselfly) <i>Lestes vigilax</i>	Soldier Beetle <i>Rhagonycha nigrohumeralis</i>	Whirlabout (skipper butterfly) <i>Polites vibex</i>
Sulfur-winged Grasshopper <i>Arphia sulphurea</i>	Attenuated Bluet (damselfly) <i>Enallagma daeckii</i>	Lady Beetle <i>Scymnus tenebrosus</i>	Clouded Skipper <i>Pyrgus accius</i>
Cattail Toothpick Grasshopper <i>Leptysma marginicollis</i>	Burgundy Bluet <i>Enallagma dubium</i>	Lady Beetle <i>Coleomegilla maculata lengi</i>	Forest Tent Caterpillar <i>Malacosoma disstria</i>
Toothpick Grasshopper * <i>Stenacris vitreipennis</i>	Lilypad Forktail (damselfly) <i>Ischnura kellicotti</i>	Flower Longhorn Beetle <i>Typocerus zebra</i>	Luna Moth <i>Actias luna</i>